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# THE JERUSALEM POST

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**OUTSTANDING SERVICE  
INDIVIDUAL ADVICE**

JERUSALEM • TEL AVIV • HAIFA

## Column One By David Courtney

With Spanish ferment is due to an industrial accident. It is the outcome of a long period of unemployment and social unrest. The unrest of the past few weeks has been common to all the big cities of Spain. It has been most intense in Catalonia, the industrial heart of Spain's industry. It is a traditionally progressive territory, and because the Catalans, who claim a distinct culture and have even their own language, feel that the Spanish policy has been aimed at the suppression of their rights and attributes as a national group.

THE air-force strike in the textile mills of Barcelona, which has led to the lock-out of 4,000 workers, is the latest of a long series of labour protests in Spain; and there is plenty of evidence to indicate that more and more workers are to come out in sympathy with the strike. It is noteworthy that the Madrid government has suddenly become more cautious in the use of soldiers and armed police than it was, and there have been reports which give as one reason for this the fact that in the army, and to a lesser extent in the police, there is sufficient sympathy for the protesting workers to introduce doubt of the loyalty of some units.

THE Madrid government is, in fact, far from confident. It has been rudely shocked to find certain influential elements of the Church itself growing impatient with policies which allow the exploitation of workers and make practically no provision for welfare. Hunger and misery in Barcelona and other big cities has been increasing during the past twelve months as a result of the severe economic depression in the peninsula and the consequent unemployment, low wages and acute shortage of even essential goods. Drought has added its own misbegotten burden and has been reducing the quality of available foodstuffs has made the traditional poverty of the Spanish peasantry almost unbearable. To all this, the Government has no answer and no alternative.

Members of the Spanish Church have been quick to dissociate themselves from the Government's failure to take effective action or to fulfil any of the promises made by it to the workers and peasantry. Church organizations have been slashing with city administrations and an important Catholic newspaper in Madrid has begun a large work of education, has suspended publication rather than submit to the censorship of its criticism to Government censorship. The Church has refused to accept the official explanation of Communist agitation and has said plainly that the present crisis is due solely to well working conditions and the mismanagement of the economy. The Church has been quick to dissociate themselves from the Government's failure to take effective action or to fulfil any of the promises made by it to the workers and peasantry. Church organizations have been slashing with city administrations and an important Catholic newspaper in Madrid has begun a large work of education, has suspended publication rather than submit to the censorship of its criticism to Government censorship. The Church has refused to accept the official explanation of Communist agitation and has said plainly that the present crisis is due solely to well working conditions and the mismanagement of the economy.

It is a fact that the Church has been a bulwark of the Franco regime and is now anxious to avoid the consequences of its complicity, does not mean the seriousness of its present charges. On the contrary, it indicates a state of affairs which may be far worse than what is being reported. The Church has been quick to dissociate themselves from the Government's failure to take effective action or to fulfil any of the promises made by it to the workers and peasantry. Church organizations have been slashing with city administrations and an important Catholic newspaper in Madrid has begun a large work of education, has suspended publication rather than submit to the censorship of its criticism to Government censorship. The Church has refused to accept the official explanation of Communist agitation and has said plainly that the present crisis is due solely to well working conditions and the mismanagement of the economy.

**EAU DE PARFUM**

**CRISTAL**

**MAISON MARTIN MARGIELA**

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## Nukeib Claims Second Victim

POST Correspondent  
TIBERIAS, Saturday (Delayed).—Another policeman was killed and two more were wounded on Friday morning when a police patrol on a routine reconnaissance was attacked with rifle and heavy machine-gun fire at a range of 30 metres near Nukeib in the southern demilitarized zone.

This is the second killing in the area within three days, and follows the murder of Eitan Thaler, the unarmed Police Works Department foreman, who was killed on Wednesday.

**Police Withdraw**  
After returning the fire for some time, the policeman withdrew, taking with him two wounded. When one constable was found to be missing, the men went back to the scene of the shooting to look for their comrade.

They again came under fire, however, and were forced to withdraw.

Only after U.N. Observers intervened could the body be recovered.

**Burial on Mt. Herzl**  
The body of Constable Moshe Maximoff, the man killed near Nukeib village on Friday, was interred with full honours at Mount Herzl Cemetery in Jerusalem yesterday afternoon. The cortege, which left the Shik Holim Hospital, was led by a car containing high-ranking police officials and followed by a guard of honour made up of 24 officers and men, the first two carrying a wreath. Among the mourners were elders of the Bokeran community, to which the deceased belonged.

## Note Sent on Nukeib Murders

A letter protesting against the interference with routine police patrols in the Nukeib area of the demilitarized zone and the murder of two Israeli citizens by "para-military" civilians trained by the Syrian army and brought into Nukeib during the past few days was sent by Egan-Aloof Shaul Shaul, chief Israel delegate to the Mixed Armistice Commission, to Col. Bennett, the British Acting Chief of Staff of the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization. It said:

I would refer you to my letter of 12th April, 1951, in which I lodged four complaints against the Arab Forces entering the Southern section of the demilitarized zone in the Nukeib area from Syrian-controlled territory. Since that time these forces have constructed positions and fortifications in and around Nukeib village.

As brought to your notice by Dr. Eytan, the Syrian General Headquarters ordered in March, 1951 the recruitment of some hundreds of refugees from camps in Syria. These "civilians" were armed and trained by Syrian formations on our borders, and put under the personal command of the Senior Syrian delegate to the Mixed Armistice Commission for use in action against or within the demilitarized zone.

**Para-Military Forces**  
I have the honour to forward the following complaint to you in connection with the Arab forces entering the Southern section of the demilitarized zone in the Nukeib area from Syrian-controlled territory. Since that time these forces have constructed positions and fortifications in and around Nukeib village.

On Friday the Syrian delegation alleged that a strong Israeli attack on Nukeib started at 4.30 a.m. with fire from automatic weapons and mortars directed on the village from a boat on Lake Tiberias and from an Israeli force moving north from Ein Gev. There was no confirmation by U.N. Observers of this. On Friday evening the MAC Chairman reported that everything was quiet in the village, which was still in Arab hands.

The U.N. spokesman also disclosed that, according to reports from New York, it may take a few weeks before General Hiley can leave hospital and appear before the Security Council.

It is not impossible, the spokesman added, that Colonel de Rither will take steps toward convening the Israel-Syrian MAC before then.

"There are still quite a few points on which the Acting Chief of Staff has to be satisfied before the MAC meeting can be convened," the spokesman said, adding that he was not in a position to elaborate on these points.

In answer to a question, the spokesman disclosed that in his opinion the four preliminary conditions to the resumption of the work of the Israel-Syrian M.A.C. were not met by the Syrian side, and that the four conditions were:

- 1) Withdrawal of all military and para-military units from the demilitarized zone.
- 2) Withdrawal of all military and para-military units from the demilitarized zone.
- 3) Withdrawal of all military and para-military units from the demilitarized zone.
- 4) Withdrawal of all military and para-military units from the demilitarized zone.

## U.S. Staff Heads To Tell of Dispute With MacArthur

WASHINGTON, Sunday.—The Defence Department announced yesterday it will present to Congress "an analysis of the basic differences" which exist between the Joint Chiefs of Staff and General Douglas MacArthur.

The statement put the Defence Department on record as stressing that basic differences do exist between the JCS and General MacArthur. The General told Congress on Thursday that "from the military standpoint" the Joint Chiefs had shared his views on taking stronger measures against China.

This was the second time the Defence Department has spoken out formally on the controversy between MacArthur and the Truman administration. On Thursday night the Department stated the JCS were among the President's civilian and military advisers who had unanimously recommended MacArthur's dismissal from the Far Eastern Command.

Today's statement said: "Operations in the Far East are being carried out in accordance with the views of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. These views will be fully explained to appropriate Congressional committees. An analysis of basic differences between the Joint Chiefs of Staff and General MacArthur will be presented at that time."

**Defensive Move**  
A Defence Department spokesman declared yesterday that the Military Mission to Formosa was not designed to aid any Chinese Nationalist attack on the Communist China mainland.

He said its only purpose was to strengthen the defensive abilities of the forces of Chiang Kai-shek and had no connection with the military mission to Formosa. He said the mission was designed to aid any Chinese Nationalist attack on the Communist China mainland.

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## US-British Talks On Yalu Bombing Risk

WASHINGTON, Sunday (OFFICE).—Military opinion in Washington is that the Chinese will not launch their offensive for some weeks yet, and that the great battle will not take place before mid-May.

The big behind-the-scenes question is whether, since the Chinese are determined to go on this offensive, they will go to the aid of the Allies out of Korea, they will go to the aid of the Allies out of Korea, they will go to the aid of the Allies out of Korea.

The American are still discussing with Britain whether the United Nations should in that event bomb enemy bases beyond the Yalu River, and risk Russian reprisals.

A decision has not been made. In any case, the decision whether to bomb back or to "take it" will not be left to the discretion of the Commander in the field.

## U.N. Troops Await Chinese Offensive

SEOUL, Sunday (Reuters).—United Nations troops on the Western Front were tonight waiting for an expected major Communist counter-offensive. Patrols probing northward ran into strong resistance and reported the Chinese forces were grouped in assault formation. For the first time in many weeks they saw Communist tanks moving southward.

Indications of the threat came soon after the U.S. 8th Army Commander, Lt. General James Van Fleet, had warned that the danger of a major Communist counter-offensive was greater now than at any time for the past few weeks.

General Van Fleet, who completed an eight-day tour of the Western Front yesterday, said the Communists have been moving large numbers of troops south and appeared to be building up for "the third round of aggression."

They also had the potential to make an air attack, but "if it comes, we will meet and defeat it," he added. "If the enemy could see what I see, he would want to go home."

Earlier today, U.N. forces witnessed a "bulge" pressing against the Chinese defence system based on the towns of Chorwon and Kumhwa, 35 km. north of the 38th Parallel. But they ran into strong Communist defence lines dug into the hills just south of Chorwon.

Further east, Allied troops also met resistance when the 2nd Division of the 1st Army Group stopped a tank and infantry patrol and after an hour's fighting sent it back. However, in this sector, U.N. forces moved forward under air and artillery cover, driving Communist off high positions.

In the air, Fifth Air Force fighters shot down two Communist planes. In troops killed or wounded in attacks on the eastern and central front up to noon today.

Naval forces maintained their off-shore bombardment of Communist supply lines.

On their way back to the University, the marchers were engaged by the opposing student faction Police broke up the rally.

# Bevan Resigns; Split May Force Elections

LONDON, Monday (AP).—Minister of Labour Aneurin Bevan resigned from the Government today, bringing to a head the split between Labour leftists and moderates in a move that may force a general election. The fiery Welshman, a former coalminer, told Prime Minister Attlee that he objected to the new budget. Bevan, leader of the left wing, said: "The budget in my view is wrongly conceived. It fails to support fairly the burden of expenditure as between different social classes."

**Text of Bevan Resignation**  
LONDON, Monday (AP).—The text of the letter of resignation written by Mr. Bevan to Prime Minister Attlee follows: My dear Sir:

In previous conversations with you, and in my statements to the Cabinet, I have explained my objections to many features of the budget. Having endeavoured, in vain, to secure modifications of these features, I feel I must ask you to accept my resignation.

The budget, in my view, is wrongly conceived in that it fails to apportion fairly the burden of expenditure as between different social classes.

**Military Spending**  
It is wrong because it is based upon a scale of military expenditure, in the coming year, which is physically unattainable without grave extravagance, in its spending. It is wrong because it envisages rising prices as a means of reducing civilian consumption with all the consequences of industrial disturbances involved.

It is wrong because it is the beginning of the destruction of the moral leadership of the world. Labour has taken a special pride and was giving to Britain the moral leadership of the world. I am sure you will agree that it is always better that policies should be carried out by those who believe in them. It would be dishonourable for me to allow my name to be associated in the carrying out of policies which are repugnant to my conscience and contrary to my expressed opinion.

I am sorry that I feel it necessary to take this step after so many years of cooperation in a government which has done so much for the cause of Labour and the progress of mankind.

I need hardly state that my adherence to the cause of Labour and Socialism is stronger than ever and that I shall continue to work for its success in all the ways in which I am able to do so.

**Egypt's Counter-Proposals To British Note Drafted**  
CAIRO, Sunday (AP).—A ministerial committee yesterday drafted what a responsible official termed Egypt's "take it or leave it" counter-proposals to Britain's recent note on a new Anglo-Egyptian agreement. The British note answered Egypt's demands for the evacuation of British troops from the Suez Canal area and the unification of the Sudan with Egypt under the Egyptian crown.

The committee set up to study the British note comprises Prime Minister Nasser, Foreign Minister Salah el-Din, Interior Minister Fawzi el-Din, and Minister of War, Minister in charge of Sudan affairs.

The official, who declined to be quoted by name, said Egypt's counter-proposals present the "minimum Egypt is prepared to accept." He added that the proposals will be handed over to the British Ambassador in Cairo early this week.

**LIE VISITS ARAB REFUGEE CAMPS**  
DAMASCUS, Sunday.—U.N. Secretary-General Trygve Lie today visited a Palestinian Arab refugee camp at Kufratta, near the Israeli border, and was met by refugees carrying banners reading "We want to go home" and "We want compensation." He was accompanied by a number of Arab leaders.

The Secretary-General is in Syria on a mission to investigate the situation of the refugees and to report to the U.N. General Assembly. He is expected to leave Syria tomorrow.

## In Hot Water

Mr. Bevan is believed to have at least one other powerful supporter in the Cabinet, Mr. Harold Wilson, President of the Board of Trade.

Mr. Bevan commands a large following among the electorate and has often been touted as a future Premier. It is difficult to reconcile the two sides of his character—the impetuous rebel and the able administrator. He courted the hatred of the Tories when he headed them as "Bevan" and yet commanded their respect for his conception of the National Health Service.

He has been in hot water with his own party before for his sharp veers to the extreme Left, and was almost expelled in 1944 yet he managed by the force of his personality to top the poll in the ballot for membership of the Labour Party's National Executive Committee two years later.

Mr. Bevan was born in the mining town of Tredegar, South Wales, and his childhood was spent in extreme poverty. He worked in the pits at the age of 13 and was later sent by his workmates to finish his schooling at the Central Labour College. At 21, after earning some notoriety in the General Strike, he was returned as Labour member for Ebbw Vale. He formed a strange alliance with Mr. Churchill during their opposition to Mr. Chamberlain's National Government, but earned the Conservative leader's enmity for his criticism of Churchill's conduct of the war during the setbacks in North Africa in 1942.

He joined the Cabinet as Minister of Health when Labour came to power in 1945 and introduced the nationalized medicine in the teeth of determined opposition. He became Minister of Labour and National Service on January 17 this year.

He is, with his wife Jennie Lee, one of the directors of the leftist weekly "Tribune."

**TORIES WIN BY-ELECTION**  
LONDON, Sunday.—The Labour Government's majority in the House of Commons was narrowed to six yesterday when the Conservatives retained their seat in the Harrow West by-election.

Mr. Albert Braithwaite polled a majority of 13,940 over the Labour candidate in this traditionally Tory constituency.

The Cabinet was scheduled to meet later, but neither Mr. Bevan nor Mr. Attlee, who is in hospital recovering from a dental ulcer, will be present. It was understood Mr. Bevan's place as Minister of Labour will be filled at once and that there will be no major cabinet reshuffle. The big political question now is what effect Mr. Bevan's resignation will have on the vote on Tuesday on the budget itself.

The Labour government has a majority of only six votes in the House of Commons. It would be forced to resign if it lost the budget vote. This in turn would lead to a general election.

**JORDAN PARLIAMENT DISCUSSES BUDGET**  
The Jordan Parliament met yesterday afternoon for the first of a series of emergency sittings to deal with the 1951-52 Budget, said a spokesman announced yesterday.

**ISRAEL'S THIRD YEAR**  
A SUMMING UP  
PRINCIPAL CONTENTS  
ISRAEL'S FOREIGN POLICY  
A Review  
MASS SETTLEMENT IN ISRAEL  
By Lord Selkirk  
BLUEPRINT FOR LAND REDEMPTION  
By Dr. A. Gruen  
NATION AT WORK  
Economic Survey  
ARABS IN ISRAEL  
By Dr. E. Shinar  
POLITICAL SCENARIOS IN ISRAEL  
By Dr. G. Shinar  
NEWS SUMMARY  
On Sale at all leading bookshops and newsagents  
Editorial Office: 21 Nathan's Buildings, Tel. 6969





## Social &amp; Personal

Australian Minister G.C.W. Fisher and Mrs. Fisher attended the luncheon at the Kibbutz Degania where they remained over the weekend. They also attended the Music Festival at Ein Giv.

A cocktail party for Mr. Menzies, British Minister, was given by the Degania Kibbutz on Tuesday night at the Kibbutz Degania. The party was attended by the British Minister, his wife, and a large number of guests.

Members of the Degania Kibbutz have been elected to the Ministry of Agriculture, including Mr. Menzies, British Minister, and Mr. Fisher, Australian Minister. The Ministry of Agriculture is responsible for the development of the kibbutz system in Israel.

Mr. D. Horowitz, Economic Advisor to the Government, has been appointed to the Ministry of Finance. He will be responsible for the economic development of the country.

Mr. Charles Nigam, President of the Israel-Netherlands Chamber of Commerce and Secretary-General of "ONEX," has arrived in Israel on a visit.

Mr. S. Rosen, the Legal Advisor to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, has returned to Israel on Thursday after representing Israel at the Hague International Court in The Hague.

On the occasion of St. George's Day, Mr. George, Archbishop of Haifa and the Galilee, gave a luncheon in Haifa yesterday which was attended by the Government and various dignitaries of the Greek and Roman Catholic clergy, members of the Consular Corps, and representatives of various religious communities and the International Red Cross.

Mr. Emil Petersen, Managing Director of the Norwegian Fish Co. Ltd., has arrived in Jerusalem for a short visit.

Mr. Benjamin Lewis, President of the Nathan Straus Palestine Society in Los Angeles, and Mrs. Lewis are in Israel on a brief visit.

Mr. Aaron Kaplan, Director of the Ministry of Education, has returned to Israel on Thursday after a visit to the U.S.A.

Mr. Moshe Lapidot, formerly Director of the Ministry of Education, has been appointed to the Ministry of Education.

Mr. Ester Laza, left by Tel Aviv last night for Central America on a mission for the U.S.A.

Members of the Government and of the Knesset, senior Army officers, and members of the Jewish Agency, mayors, and various local councils will be among the speakers at the annual conference of the Jewish Agency, which will be held in Jerusalem on Friday, May 11, to mark Independence Day. The meeting, organized by the Jewish Agency, will be held in the Auditorium of the Jewish Agency.

Prof. Aryeh Tarkenton and Prof. Benjamin Ashkenazi will speak at the opening of the National Conference of the Jewish Agency, which will be held in Jerusalem on Friday, May 11, to mark Independence Day. The meeting, organized by the Jewish Agency, will be held in the Auditorium of the Jewish Agency.

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## Gov't Employs 22,750 Regular Workers, 10,000 Temporary

The Government at present employs some 22,750 permanent workers and 10,000 on a temporary basis. Mr. Z. Shatz, Secretary to the Government, said the press last week. But there is a shortage of well-qualified personnel in almost every field, he declared. The monthly payroll amounts to about 1,400,000.

The largest employer is the Ministry of Communications with 5,600, followed by the Ministry of Police (4,400), the Ministry of Health (2,100), and the Ministry of Agriculture, including Food (1,500). The staff of each of the other Ministries is less than a thousand. Of the temporary workers, 4,600 are employed by the Public Works Department of the Ministry of Labour, and 1,000 by the Ministry of Communications.

The temporary workers also include 500 persons employed on afforestation and 400 employed by the Statistical Bureau to prepare the voters list for the new elections.

Of the total number of employees, 35 per cent are under 30 years of age, and 53 per cent between 30 and 50. Persons over 50 are not normally engaged, but exceptions are made for former employees of the Mandatory Government or the National Institutions.

Education Standards. Almost 60 per cent had declared that they had attended secondary or vocational school, and 21 per cent that they had been to high school or university.

Women comprise 20 per cent of the Government service, and form a majority in the Ministries of Health and Social Welfare.

## Late Rains May Save Summer Crops in Some Sectors

The drought and the crop failure were again discussed in the press yesterday. "Al Hamishmar" (Mapana) published extensive reports from its rural correspondents and "Ha'aretz" (Independent) devoted an editorial to farm relief.

"Al Hamishmar" correspondents report that the recent rains have improved the prospects of saving the summer crops, but the situation varies in various parts of the country. In some areas, such as the Ezer, the fate of the summer crops is still doubtful, with only faint hopes for success. In the Negev, the herds will graze the crops.

"Ha'aretz" points out that, unlike the country's industries, its farming can be made to be almost wholly independent of foreign supplies such as raw materials, and should eventually be the entire self-supporting. The drought, however, has cut down the raw materials of farming — the seeds. Farmers cannot be required to suffer the damage alone, the paper urges, and the Government should help generously, but this should be done without contributing to inflationary trends either by printing Treasury notes or by allowing farm products to rise in price.

The paper proposes that farmers should be given long-term loans, and in some cases outright grants, to help them recover from the drought.

Wage Salvage. "Ha'aretz" also publishes an article on wage salvage in Israel, and urges a wide campaign to this end, which could save millions of people, much in the foreign currency. From a Jerusalem correspondent, the paper publishes an article on the damage suffered by Jewish property in the capital during the War of Independence, which he estimates at 11,000 (and much higher at today's prices). The writer urges the Government to come to the aid of the persons who suffered these losses.

"Ha'aretz" (General) publishes a signed article analyzing the work done by the Government and concluding that while the Government has done a great deal of good, it is still far from the standard set up during the first year. The article urges the Government to take the measure of its performance to the public.

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The Civil Service Commission, Mr. Shatz continued, was formed at the beginning of this year by the fusion of the Personnel Administration Department (which had previously been part of the Treasury), the Efficiency and Training Department, and the Complaints Commission of the Prime Minister's Office. It now has a staff of 85 spread over six Departments.

A start has been made in the preparation of personnel files for every Government employee, and 18,000 have so far been completed. The Personnel Department deals with salaries, insurance, allowances, and other matters. It also maintains close contact with the Civil Service Union, which is a new organization based on recommendations submitted to the Second Knesset. A Pension Scheme has already been completed.

Professional Allowances. The professional allowances which are being introduced will apply only to the Government employees, Mr. Shatz stated. The same standard will be applied as in the Defence Army. During the first 15 months of its existence, the Commission will be submitting to the Second Knesset a Pension Scheme has already been completed.

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Beginning May 1, a summer schedule will be introduced whereby employees will work from 7:30 a.m. until 3 p.m. on Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays. Among the Government employees are 1,100 non-Jews (including teachers), of whom 700 are temporary. All Arab employees of the Government are non-Jews, and in June 1948, following the Government's announcement on this matter, all Arab employees have been reemployed.

In addition to the employees mentioned in Israel, there are some 400 in the Foreign Service abroad, of whom 120 are Israeli and 280 local employees.

On the occasion of St. George's Day, Mr. George, Archbishop of Haifa and the Galilee, gave a luncheon in Haifa yesterday which was attended by the Government and various dignitaries of the Greek and Roman Catholic clergy, members of the Consular Corps, and representatives of various religious communities and the International Red Cross.

Mr. Emil Petersen, Managing Director of the Norwegian Fish Co. Ltd., has arrived in Jerusalem for a short visit.

Mr. Benjamin Lewis, President of the Nathan Straus Palestine Society in Los Angeles, and Mrs. Lewis are in Israel on a brief visit.

Mr. Aaron Kaplan, Director of the Ministry of Education, has returned to Israel on Thursday after a visit to the U.S.A.

Mr. Moshe Lapidot, formerly Director of the Ministry of Education, has been appointed to the Ministry of Education.

Mr. Ester Laza, left by Tel Aviv last night for Central America on a mission for the U.S.A.

Members of the Government and of the Knesset, senior Army officers, and members of the Jewish Agency, mayors, and various local councils will be among the speakers at the annual conference of the Jewish Agency, which will be held in Jerusalem on Friday, May 11, to mark Independence Day. The meeting, organized by the Jewish Agency, will be held in the Auditorium of the Jewish Agency.

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The boy's father is punished when his lumber-export steamer sinks at sea, and his wood burns. In the end, the Prophet Elijah, who recorded the vow at the time of its taking, intervenes, and the ending is happier than Hollywood. The acting by the Vilna troupe is excellent, the film is chock full of Jewish folklore and Hassidic singing and dancing, and humour in the dialogue. A highly enjoyable film, and very appropriate for Passover week.

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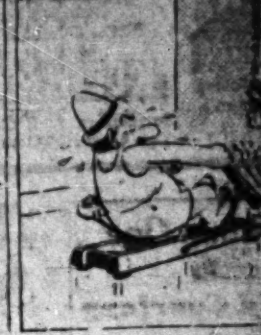
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